

Music - Ukulele

Please help your child with their learning by going through this fact sheet with them. They will be quizzed on this at the end of half term. We appreciate your support.

When we play across all the strings together, we call this strumming.

The notes of a ukulele are GCEA (Get Crazy Every Afternoon).

A crotchet rest is when you don't play for one beat.

Dynamics refers to how loud or soft the sound is.

Most songs have 3 chords.

Pitch is how high or low a note is.

When we play a single note / string, we call this plucking.



Key Vocabulary

- **Note** - a single sound of a certain pitch produced from an instrument.
- **Chord** - when 2 or more, usually 3, notes are played together at the same time to create a harmony.
- **Melody** - a pattern of notes that creates a musical tune.
- **Plectrum** - a thin, flat piece of plastic used to pluck/strum the strings of the ukulele.
- **Tension** - how tight or loose the strings of the ukulele are.

Tempo means how fast or slow a piece of music is.

To play loudly on the ukulele, you need to strike the strings harder.

The 3 parts of the ukulele are called head, neck and body.